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<u>Claims</u>

- 1. Method of surface treatment of friction members, particularly brake discs/drums or clutch plates in vehicles comprising steps of
 - providing friction members made of PMMC material by any conventional method known per se,
 - in situ formation of a transfer layer on the active surface of the member by removing to a predetermined extent the top layer of the matrix material hereby exposing the surface of the embedded reinforcing particles to a degree providing a transfer layer with increased thickness and stability.
- 2. Method according to claim 1,
 characterized in that
 the in situ formation of the transfer layer is conducted by means of chemical
 etching of the PMMC material.
- 3. Method according to claim 2,
 characterized in that
 sodium hydroxide (NaOH) in concentrations from 5 to 30% is applied as the
 etching agent.
- 4. Method according to claim 2, characterized in that acid reagent is applied as the etching agent.
- 5. Method according to claim 2, characterized in that KOH is applied as the etching agent.

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- 6. Method according to claim 1,
 c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n t h a t
 the in situ formation of the transfer layer is done by electrochemical pickling of
 the PMMC material.
- 7. Friction member, particularly a brake disc/rotor in an automotive vehicle, c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n t h a t the member comprising a PMMC body of Al-alloy reinforced by ceramic particles is provided with a surface topography characterized by surface protruding reinforcing particles, said particles becoming an integrated part of the transfer layer.
- 8. Member according to claim 7,
 characterized in that
 the Al-alloy is an AlSi alloy reinforced by SiC particles.